

Non-clinical testing of human medicinal products and 3Rs

Non-clinical Working Party activities

Karen Van Malderen



Disclaimer:

The views and opinions expressed in the following PowerPoint slides are those of the individual presenter and should not be understood or quoted as being made on behalf of the Federal Agency for Medicines and Health Products or of the European Medicines Agency or its scientific Committees

Non-Clinical Working Party (NcWP)



Non-Clinical Working Party



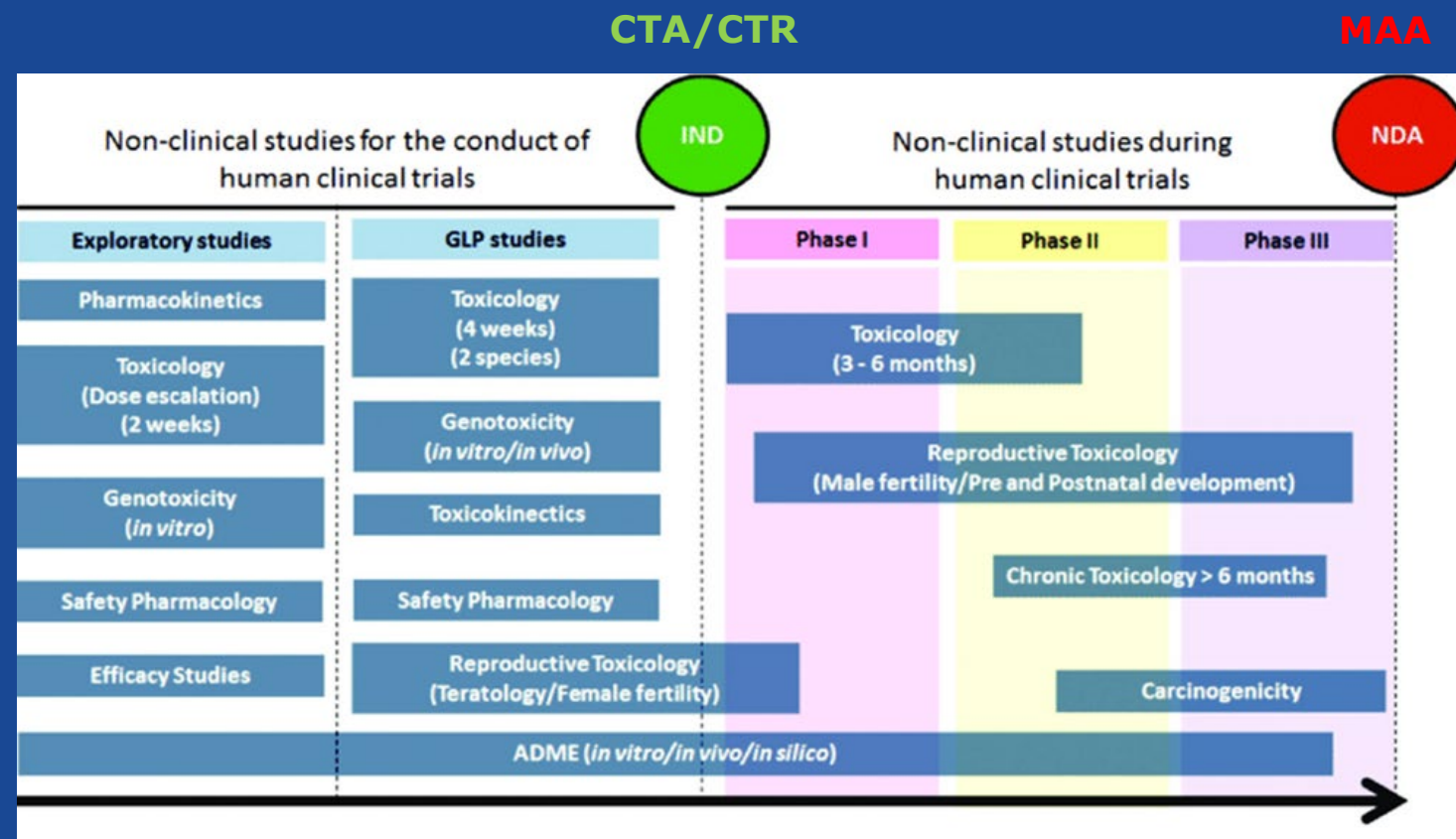
- Meetings once a month
Annual stakeholder meeting, usually in October
- Chair: Susanne Brendler-Schwaab (BfArM)
Vice-Chair: Karen Van Malderen (FAMHP)
- Supported by expert groups
- Close collaboration NcWP – 3RsWP
- Workplan & priorities published:

<https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/committees/working-parties-other-groups/chmp/non-clinical-working-party>

Non-Clinical Testing Requirements & opportunities for 3Rs implementation

Pharmacology
Pharmacokinetics
Toxicology

- Repeat-Dose Toxicity
- Genotoxicity
- Reproductive / Developmental and Juvenile Toxicity
- Carcinogenicity
- Local Tolerance
- Other Toxicity Studies



Carcinogenicity

ICH S1A Need for carcinogenicity studies of pharmaceuticals
ICH S1B Carcinogenicity: testing for carcinogenicity of pharmaceuticals
ICH S1C(R2) Dose selection for carcinogenicity studies of pharmaceuticals

Basic Testing Scheme

Long-term rodent carcinogenicity study

+

Long-term carcinogenicity study in a 2nd rodent species

OR

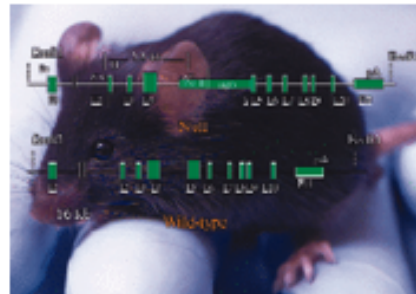
Short or medium-term in vivo rodent test system

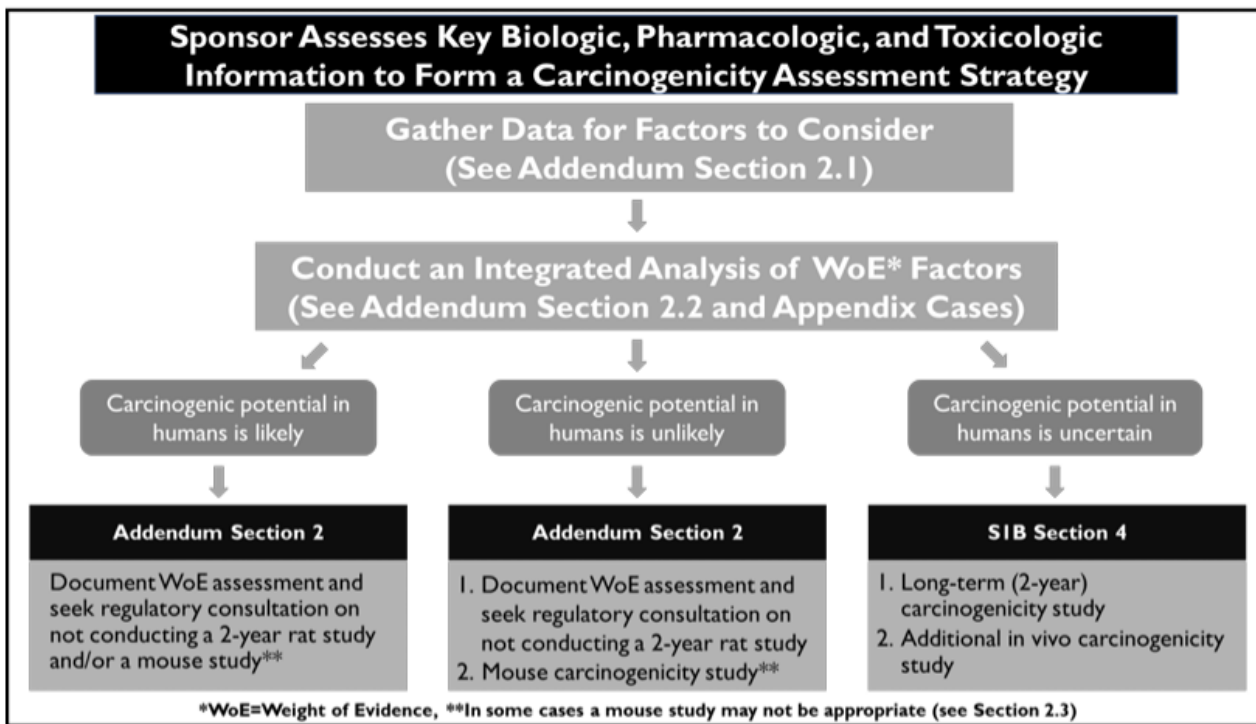
¹Long-term studies

rat (24 months), mouse (18 months)
min. 50/sex/group + satellite TK groups

²Transgenic and knockout animal models
e.g. TgrasH2, P53

Or Initiation/Promotion models in rodents
20-25 animals/sex/group (max 6-9 months)

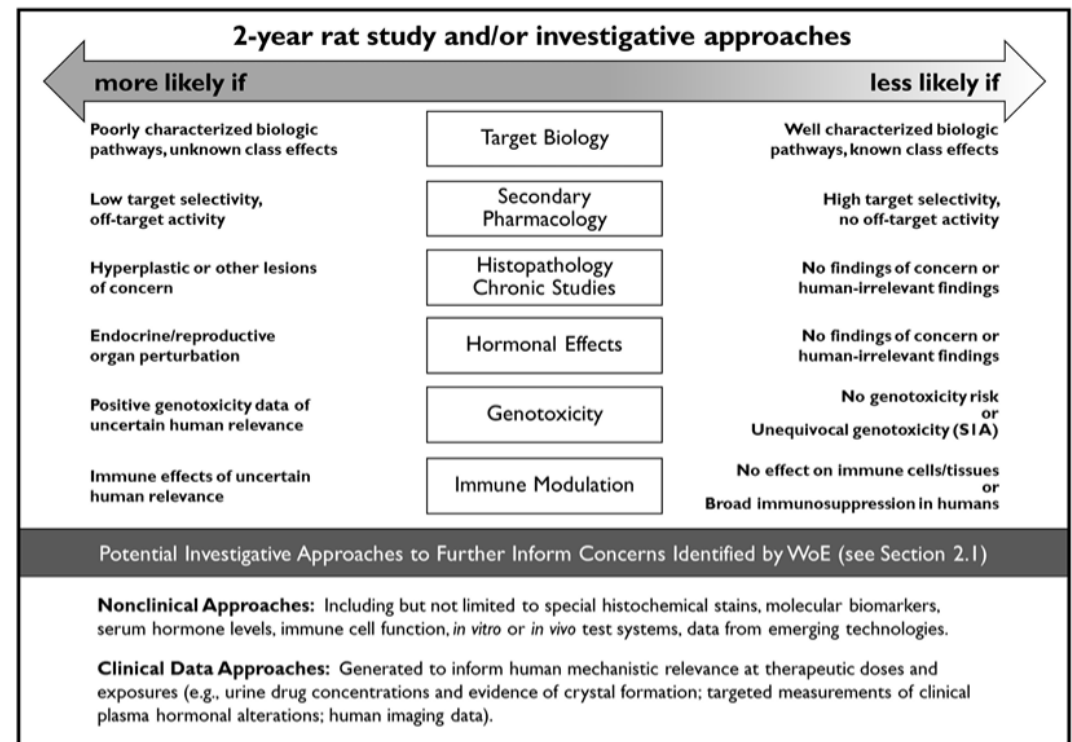




ICH S1B(R1)

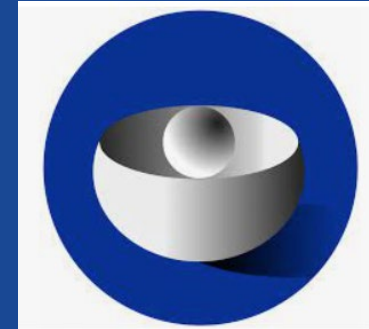
Legal effective date:
March 2023

- Weight-of-evidence (WoE) approach to determine if a 2-year rat study adds value
- Plasma exposure ratio endpoint (50X human exposure) for high-dose selection in rasH2-Tg mouse model



ICH S1B(R1) implementation – Role of NcWP

- NcWP Operational expert group
 - Review WoE evaluation and provide advice on the need to perform carcinogenicity studies to Scientific Advice Working Party (SAWP)
 - 2023: 15 cases reviewed & agreed that 2y rat study is not expected to add value
- ICH Implementation Working Group
 - Monitoring of implementation of the WoE approach to identify any areas of inconsistency and discuss how they can be addressed



Juvenile toxicology

ICH S11 Guideline on Nonclinical safety testing in support of development of paediatric pharmaceuticals

Objectives ICH S11:

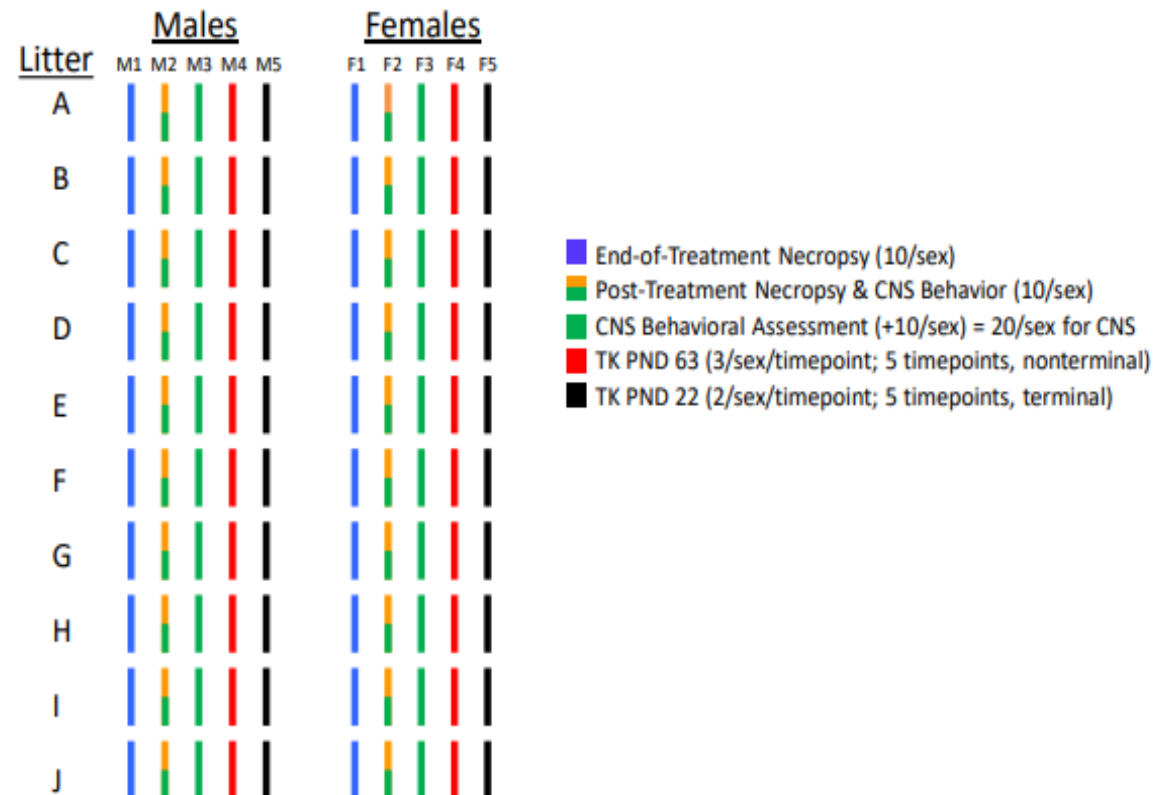
Harmonisation among regions

Timely conduct of paediatric clinical trials

Reduce the use of animals (3Rs)

- Weight of evidence (**WoE**) approach
- **Early** consideration of NC strategy
- **Customised** Juvenile Animal Studies (JAS)

Figure Represents One Dose Group of 10 litters with 5 pups/sex

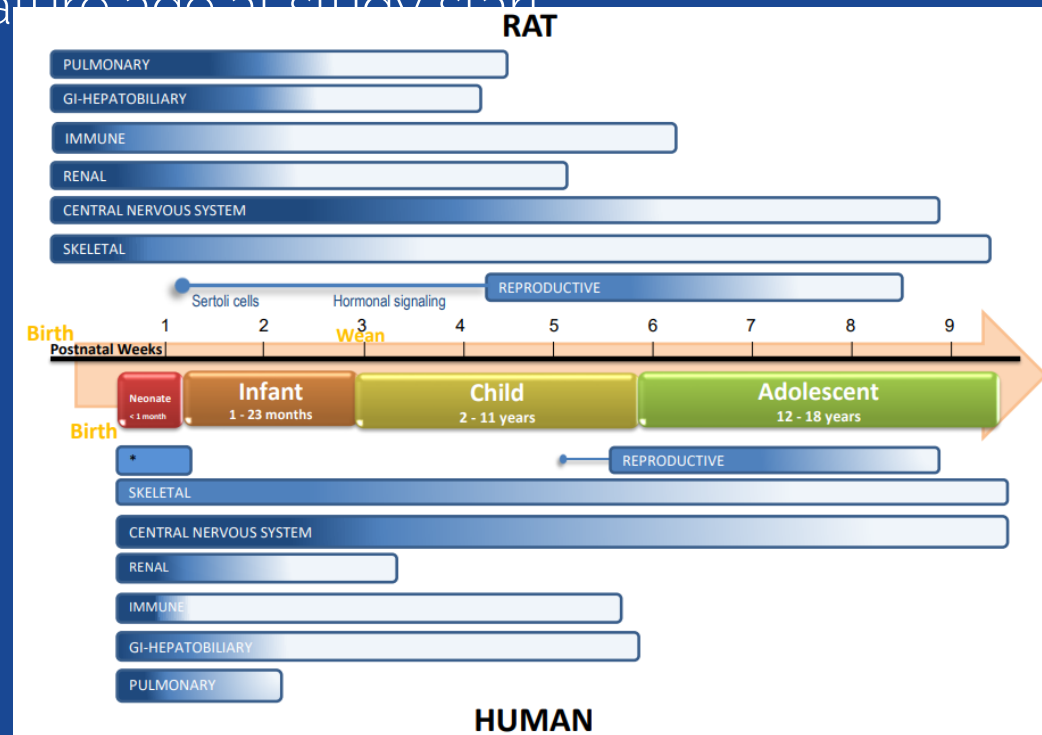


ICH S11 implementation – Role of NcWP

- **Review paediatric investigation plans** (PIPs) and scientific advices for EMA Paediatric Committee (PDCO) & SAWP
- 2023: **125 PIPs** reviewed
- Current approach
 - ✓ Push back JAS proposals if it is unclear which concerns are driving the study (WoE) or unlikely to result in clinically meaningful data
 - ✓ Challenge endpoints if lack of rationale (neurobehavioral, mating assessments)
 - ✓ Recommendation to avoid (too) immature age at study start

ICH S11 implementation – Role of NcWP

- Review paediatric investigation plans (PIPs) and scientific advices for EMA Paediatric Committee (PDCO) & SAWP
- 2023: 125 PIPs reviewed
- Current approach
 - ✓ Push back JAS proposals if it is unclear which concerns are driving the study (WoE) or unlikely to result in clinically meaningful data
 - ✓ Challenge endpoints if lack of rationale (neurobehavioral, mating assessments)
 - ✓ Recommendation to avoid (too) immature age at study start



ICH S11 implementation – Role of NcWP

- Review paediatric investigation plans (PIPs) and scientific advices for EMA Paediatric Committee (PDCO) & SAWP
- 2023: 125 PIPs reviewed
- Current approach
 - ✓ Push back JAS proposals if it is unclear which concerns are driving the study (WoE) or unlikely to result in clinically meaningful data
 - ✓ Challenge endpoints if lack of rationale (neurobehavioral, mating assessments)
 - ✓ Recommendation to avoid (too) immature endpoints at study start

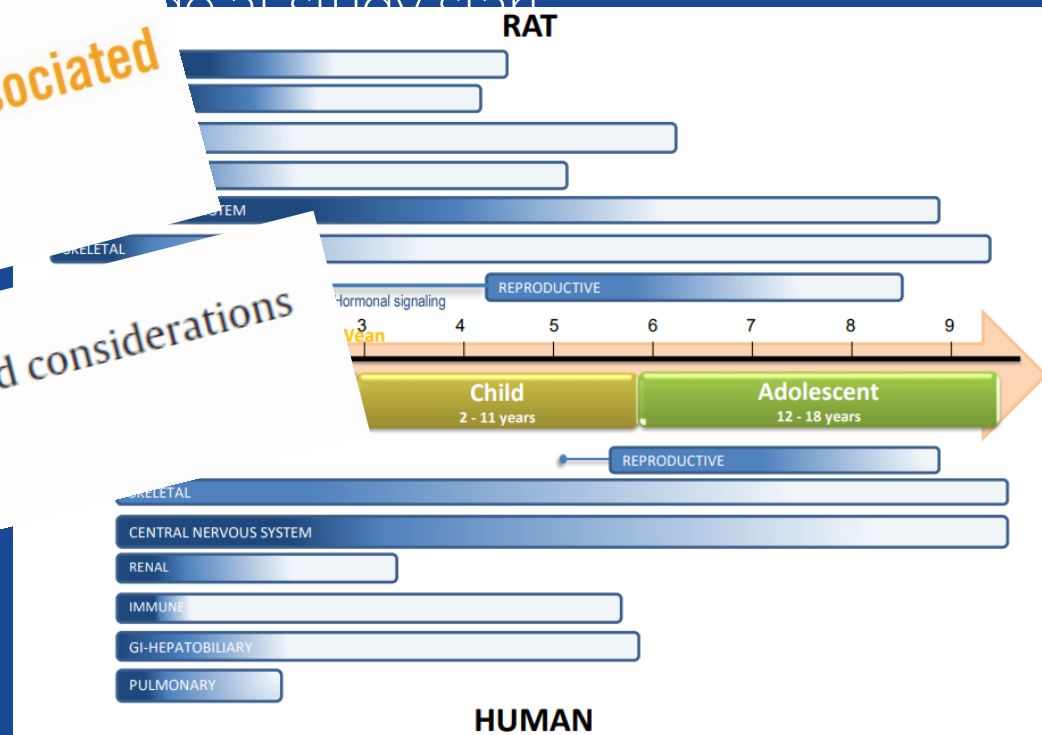
Review Article
Species Differences in Renal Development and Associated
Developmental Nephrotoxicity

Kendall S. Frazier 

Review

The great barrier belief: The blood–brain barrier and considerations for juvenile toxicity studies

Georg Schmitt*, Neil Parrott, Eric Prinssen, Paul Barrow



ICH S11 implementation – Role of NcWP

- Interactions with **FDA** & Swissmedic
- Updated **training** material for EU assessors
- Revision of PIP **template** for sponsors
- **Retrospective** review (ongoing):
 - ✓ To improve regulatory alignment and expectations between applicants and EMA.
 - ✓ To consider 3Rs considerations and to identify opportunities for the reduction or optimisation of JAS designs
 - ✓ To optimise guidance

Review of Local Tolerance Guideline

- EMA/CHMP/SWP/2145/2000 rev.1
- “Stand-alone” studies on local tolerance are generally not required
- In vitro local tolerance testing and /or integration of appropriate endpoints into general toxicity studies highly recommended



Joint NcWP 3RsWP activities



Use of Non-Human Primates (NHPs)

- EFPIA survey in collaboration with NcWP/3RsWP
- Interested party meeting
- Reflection paper on the alternatives to the use of NHPs

**THANK YOU FOR
YOUR ATTENTION**

